



# UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS .P.O. Box 1450 Alexandra, Vignia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. CONFIRMATION NO	
10/077,184	02/15/2002	Naokuni Muramatsu	782 219 9515		
25191	7590 07/31/2003				
BURR & BROWN			EXAMINER		
PO BOX 7068 SYRACUSE, NY 13261-7068			VU, PHU	JONG T	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			2841		
		DATE MAII ED: 07/21/2002			

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

7,*		Application No.		Applicant(s)	
		10/077,184		MURAMATSU ET AL.	
	Office Action Summary	Examiner Art Unit		Art Unit	
		Phuong T. Vu	2	2841	<del> </del>
. Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication ap or Reply	pears on the cove	r sheet with the co	rrespondence a	
THE I - Exter after - If the - If NO - Failu - Any r	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. Period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period re to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statutely received by the Office later than three months after the mailing dipatent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	136(a). In no event, how only within the statutory min will apply and will expire e. cause the application	ever, may a reply be timely nimum of thirty (30) days w SIX (6) MONTHS from the o become ABANDONED	y filed  vill be considered time  mailing date of this (	ely. communication.
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 16	May 2003 .			
2a)⊠	This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) TI	his action is non-f	inal.		
3) Dispositi	Since this application is in condition for allow closed in accordance with the practice under on of Claims	ance except for	ormal matters, pros 1935 C.D. 11, 453	secution as to the secution as th	he merits is
4)⊠	Claim(s) 39-46 is/are pending in the application	on.			
	4a) Of the above claim(s) <u>42-45</u> is/are withdra	wn from consider	ation.		
5)	Claim(s) is/are allowed.				
6)⊠	Claim(s) 39-41 and 46 is/are rejected.				
7)	Claim(s) is/are objected to.				
	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	or election require	ment.		
9)[] -	The specification is objected to by the Examine	er.			
	The drawing(s) filed on <u>16 May 2003</u> is/are: a)		objected to by the	Examiner.	
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the				
11) 🔲 🗆	The proposed drawing correction filed on			, ,	
	If approved, corrected drawings are required in re			,	
12) 🔲 🏾	The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	kaminer.			
Priority u	nder 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120				
13)⊠	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreig	n priority under 3:	5 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(	d) or (f).	
	☑ All b)☐ Some * c)☐ None of:	•			
	1. Certified copies of the priority document	ts have been rece	ived.		
	2. Certified copies of the priority document			No.	
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the prio application from the International Buee the attached detailed Office action for a list	rity documents ha	ave been received 17.2(a)).		Stage
	cknowledgment is made of a claim for domest			to a provisiona	l application)
a)	The translation of the foreign language process	ovisional applicati	on has been receiv	/ed.	арриоаноп).
Attachment		a priority under c	0 0.0.0. 33 120 al	114/01 121.	
1) Notice 2) Notice 3) Inform	e of References Cited (PTO-892) of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)	4)	Interview Summary (P Notice of Informal Pate Other:		
S. Patent and Tra TO-326 (Rev	0.4.0.4	tion Summary	Pa	ert of Paper No. 17	

Art Unit: 2841

#### **DETAILED ACTION**

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. Claims 39-41, 46 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hayes et al (US 6,380,903 B1) in view of Zhu et al. (US 6,080,01). Regarding claim 39, Hayes shows (Prior Art figures 3A-3B) a connection construction between a planar antenna 30 and a circuit board installed in a wireless device, said planar antenna comprising a planar antenna element 32 and a plurality of elastically deformable pins (tips of 36, 37) the pins are formed by bending a plurality of thin strips 36, 37 projected from the side end of the planar antenna element in substantially vertical directions with respect to the plane of the planar antenna element at a plurality of portions of the side end of the planar antenna element, said circuit board having upper and lower surface planes. Hayes does not teach that said circuit board comprises a plurality of through holes, wherein the planar antenna is electrically and mechanically connected to the circuit board by inserting the elastically deformable pins into the through holes. However, Zhu discloses a circuit board 5 having upper and lower surface planes with planar metallic shield case 4 having elastically deformable pins 43 that are inserted in through holes in the circuit board and are electrically and mechanically connected to the circuit board such that the elastically deformable pins do not extend beyond the lower

Art Unit: 2841

surface plane of the circuit board. The Zhu reference is relied upon solely for this teaching of mechanically and electrically attaching a planar metallic element to a circuit board by inserting elastically deformable pins of a planar metallic element into holes of a circuit board where the elastically deformable pins do not extend beyond the lower surface plane of the circuit board. This method of mounting a planar metallic shield case or any other component is expedient in the art and is equivalent to other known methods such as mounting with through use of frictional force, solder, screws, or other fasteners. It would have been obvious to those skilled in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the mounting configuration of Hayes which shows mounting pins extending from the metallic element to provide holes in the circuit board as taught by Zhu so that the metallic planar element may be electrically and mechanically connected to the circuit board by inserting the pins of the metallic planar element into the holes of the circuit board to provide an easier, flexible, more reliable and cost effective method of mounting which permits dismounting and/or remounting of the metallic planar element for repair/replacement purposes.

Regarding claim 40, Hayes shows that the planar antenna comprises a power supply strip 37 and a short circuit strip 36 formed by bending two thin strips projected from one side end of the antenna element in a substantially vertical direction with respect to the plane of the planar antenna element. Hayes teaches providing pins extending from strips that are elastically deformable by bending and are formed at the tip portions of the strips. Zhu also teaches providing pins 43 extending from strips 42 that are elastically deformable by bending and are formed at the tip portions of the

Art Unit: 2841

strips. Zhu shows that the pins are mechanically and electrically connected to the circuit board when inserted into holes of the circuit board. In the above-mentioned combination, the pins of the antenna element, a power supply spring pin and a short circuit spring pin that are elastically deformable by bending would be formed at tip portions of the power supply strip and the short circuit strip as taught by these references. The antenna system of Hayes inherently requires a power supply circuit and a short circuit provided on the circuit board. The above mentioned combination would necessarily provide a power supply hole and a short circuit hole each having an inner wall to which a power supply conductive layer and a short circuit conductive layer would connect to the power supply circuit and the short circuit so that the power supply spring pin and the short circuit spring pin are detachably inserted into the power supply hole and the short circuit hole of the circuit board in a bending deformable manner so as to connect mechanically and electrically the planar antenna and circuit board for the antenna assembly to function as intended.

Regarding claim 41, it would have been obvious to provide in the above mentioned combination a planar antenna which further comprises a plurality of connection spring pins formed by bending a plurality of thin strips projected from a side end of the planar antenna element in a substantially vertical direction with respect to a plane of the planar antenna element at a plurality of portions of the side end of the planar antenna element other than the portions at which the power supply strip and the short circuit strip are formed, said circuit board comprises a plurality of connection holes formed at the portions corresponding to the plural connection spring pins so as to mate

Art Unit: 2841

with the plural connection spring pins where the power supply circuit, the short circuit, the power supply conductive layer, and the short circuit conductive layer are not formed so as to not interfere with the connection of these components wherein the plural connection spring pins of the planar antenna are inserted into the plural connection holes of the circuit board in a bending deformable manner so as to connect mechanically the planar antenna and the circuit board to further secure the planar antenna. Providing additional connection spring pins would provide a more reliable attachment of the antenna to the circuit board.

Regarding claim 46, Hayes teaches that the planar antenna element may be formed from copper or any other known conductive metal compositions. It would have been obvious to those skilled in the art at the time the invention was made that the planar antenna element may be formed from any of the claimed materials as these materials are conductive, resilient, mechanically strong, and cost effective.

## Response to Arguments

3. Applicant's arguments filed 5/16/2003 have been fully considered.

The objection to the drawings has been withdrawn in view of Applicant's submission of the corrected drawing figure 1 which has been approved and placed of record in the file.

The objection to claim 46 has been withdrawn in view of Applicant's amendment to claim 46.

Applicant's arguments with respect to the art rejection of claims 39-41, 46 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection. Regarding the

Art Unit: 2841

rejection of these claims based on the Hayes and Fair references, Applicant appears to argue that one skilled in the art would not modify the ground and signal feeds/pins of Hayes to include foot/connecting pins as taught by Fair. However, it is noted that the previous rejection showed that the antenna configuration comprising a planar metallic antenna/element having ground and signal feeds/pins electrically connected to a circuit board is known in the art as disclosed by Hayes. Furthermore, it is known to attach a planar metallic element having foot/connecting pins to a circuit board by inserting the foot/connecting pins into holes in a circuit board as disclosed in Fair. The Fair reference was relied upon solely to show such a mounting configuration. Those skilled in the art at the time the invention was made would recognize that the planar metallic antenna with pins shown in Hayes or any planar metallic element with pins electrically connected to a circuit board may be connected to the circuit board in a configuration as suggested by Fair. The present rejection relies on the newly cited Zhu reference, which may also be viewed in a similar manner as the reference is also relied upon for its teachings directed towards the mounting configuration of a planar metallic element to a circuit board through use of connecting pins/portions of the planar metallic element which are inserted into corresponding holes of the circuit board.

### Conclusion

4. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

Page 6

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

5. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Phuong T. Vu whose telephone number is (703) 308-0303. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon. & Tues., 7:30 AM - 4:00 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, David Martin can be reached on (703) 308-3121. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (703) 746-4341.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-1782.

PTVu

Patent Examiner

July 16, 2003